How have the immediate school-to-work transition and the early career changed in different labour market entry regimes since the early 1980s? How do institutional frameworks differ with regard to insecurity perception? Ellen Ebralidze investigates these topics from a cross-national perspective while focusing on Denmark, the darling of flexicurity literature. The results show that in all the labour market entry regimes, the school-to-work transition has become increasingly difficult, and flexible forms of work are more typical in the first job. Furthermore, the liberal institutional framework of the United States seems to produce a similarly low degree of job-loss worry among young people in their early career as the Danish paradigm.

From the Contents:

- Studying the economic insecurity of labor market entrants in Denmark from a cross-national perspective
- Insecurity experiences: The development of employment risks at labor market entry since the 1980s
- Insecurity perception: The translation of unemployment risks into job-loss worry in times of flexible employment
- Summary and discussion

The Author:

Ellen Ebralidze, Dipl.-Soz.
research assistant at the NEPS (National Educational Panel Study) at Bamberg University,